## How does DAS-II NU School-Age compare?



The Differential Ability Scales™-II Normative Update School-Age (DAS-II™ NU School-Age) provides insight into how a child processes information and supports selection of appropriate interventions and/or recommendations for the classroom and home. This individually administered test helps when assessing the cognitive abilities that are important to learning. DAS-II can be used when identifying learning and intellectual disabilities and when appraising the cognitive ability of deaf or hard-of-hearing children.

While updated school-age norms and new scoring technology are certainly exciting, the DAS-II NU School-Age has *many* added features and benefits.

## View a side-by-side comparison of the evolution of the DAS-II and the benefits you'll enjoy with this normative update.

Features	DAS-II	DAS-II Normative Update School-Age
Delivery mode	Paper-and-pencil	Paper-and-pencil
	Scoring assistant	<b>NEW:</b> Q-global scoring, reporting, and digital assets
Admin Time	Core battery 45–60 minutes	No change
	Diagnostic subtests 30 minutes	
Age Groups	2:6–17:11	No change
Forms	2 batteries:	No change: Early Years (2:6–6:11)
	Early Years for 2:6–6:11	Updated: School-Age (7:0–17:11)
	School-Age for ages 7:0–17:11	
	Note: Ages 5:0–8:11 can take either battery based on clinical need	
Scores/Norms	Ability score	Early Years: no change
	Item and subtest raw scores	<b>NEW:</b> School-Age scores
	Subtest T scores	Subtest <i>T</i> scores
	Cluster scores (standard scores)	Cluster scores (standard scores)
	Composite scores (standard scores)	Composite scores (standard scores)
	Percentile ranks	SEMs
	Standard errors of measurement (SEMs)	Percentile ranks
	Confidence intervals (subtest, cluster, composite)	Confidence intervals (subtest, cluster, composite)
	Age equivalents	Discrepancy analysis (subtest, cluster, composite)
	Discrepancy analysis (subtest, cluster, composite)	Ability-achievement discrepancy and pattern
	Ability-achievement discrepancy and pattern of strengths and weaknesses comparisons	of strengths and weaknesses comparisons for KTEA™-3
	Base rates	Base rates



Features	DAS-II	DAS-II Normative Update School-Age
Subtests	20 subtests	No change
Clinical Studies	Intellectually gifted	NEW: Intellectually gifted
	Intellectual disability (mild to moderate severity)	Mild intellectual disability
	Reading disorder	Autism spectrum disorder with language
	Reading and written expression disorder	impairment
	Mathematics disorder	Updated: Reading disorder
	Attention-deficit/hyperactivity disorder (ADHD)	Reading and written expression disorder
	ADHD and learning disorder	Mathematics disorder
	Expressive language disorder	ADHD
	Mixed receptive-expressive language disorder	ADHD and learning disorder
	Limited English proficiency	Expressive language disorder
	Developmental risk	Mixed receptive-expressive language disorder
	Deaf or hard of hearing (communicate with	English learners
	American Sign Language [ASL])	Deaf or hard of hearing (communicate with ASL)
Validity Studies	Retest	NEW: DAS™-II
	DAS™	KBIT™-2 Revised
	WISC®-IV	PPVT™-5/EVT™-3
	WPPSI®-III	WRAML3
	Bayley-III®	Updated: Retest
	WJ® III	KTEA™-3
	WIAT®-II (linked with this for ability achievement discrepancy)	WISC®-IV
	KTEA™-II	WJ III
	BBCS-4:R	
	Ready to Learn	

