Introduction to MMPI-2

What is the MMPI-2?

- · Most widely used psychological test in the world
- 567 true-false self-report items
- Original MMPI published in 1943
 - To assist in psychiatric diagnosis
 - Empirical keying approach for clinical scales
 - Validity scales
 - Patient responses compared to visitors to the University of Minnesota hospitals
 - Change to empirical correlates approach; interpret scores based on research
- MMPI-2 published in 1989
 - Item additions, deletions, changes
 - Contemporary norms; Uniform T scores
 - K-correction maintained
 - New scales
- MMPI-A published in 1992 (14-18 years of age)
- · Revised manual published in 2001
- MMPI-2-RF published in 2008

Who Can Use the MMPI-2?

- Can be administered by trained secretary, clerk, or technician
- Should be interpreted by clinician who meets test distributor qualifications (Level 3) (pearsonassessments.com)
 - License to practice psychology independently;
 - Full member of American Psychological Association or National Association of School Psychologists;

or

 Doctoral (or in some cases master's) degree in one of the fields of study indicated for the test that included training (through coursework and supervised practical experience) in the administration and interpretation of clinical instruments;

or

Proof of right to administer tests at this level in specific jurisdiction

Who can take the MMPI-2?

- 18 years of age and older
- 6th grade reading level
- · Ability to follow standard instructions
- Official English, Spanish for North America, Hmong, French for Canada versions
- Other languages; consult Pearson Assessments
- Cultural and subcultural factors; interpretation shown to be same for many groups

Administering the MMPI-2

- Establish rapport before administration
- Administer under supervision
- Follow standard instructions
- Avoid defining words or helping interpret meaning of items
- Forms
 - Printed booklet
 - Standard audio tape/CD; avoid reading items aloud
 - Computerized administration
- Time 60-90 minutes is typical for paper and pencil administration; may break into several sessions if necessary; computer administration takes less time

MMPI-2 Restructured Form (RF)

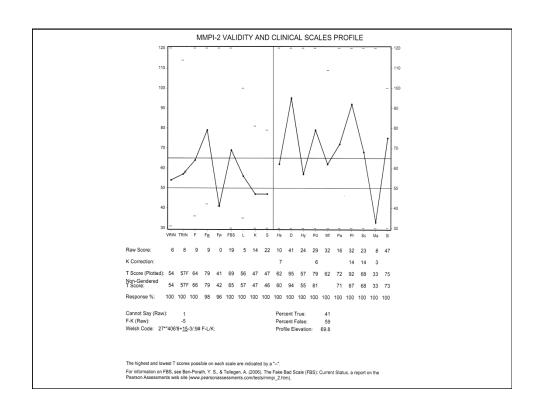
- Published 2008
- 338 items
- 35-55 minutes for booklet; 25-40 minutes for computer
- 51 scales: 42 new scales replace the MMPI-2 Clinical Scales, MMPI-2 Content Scales, and MMPI-2

Supplemental Scales

- 7 revised validity scales; new Fς
- 3 higher order scales (Emotional, Thought, Behavioral)
- 9 Restructured Clinical (RC) scales
- 5 revised PSY-5 scales
- 25 new specific problem and interest scales (e.g., suicide/death, substance abuse, aesthetic-literary inerests)

Scoring the MMPI-2

- · Hand scoring
- Computer scoring
 - Following computerized administration
 - Keyboard entry
 - Scanning
- Mail to Pearson Assessments
- Converting raw scores to T scores
 - Uniform T scores: Clinical, RC, Content, Content Component, PSY-5
 - Linear T scores: all other scales
 - Sample profile on next slide



 Percentile Equivalents for Uniform T Scores

- 30 <1 - 35 4 - 40 15 - 45 34

-50 55-60 85

 -65
 92

-70 96

- 75 98

-80 > 99

 The following slides list MMPI-2 scales that can be scored

Validity Scales

- CNS Cannot Say
- VRIN Variable Response Inconsistency
- TRIN True Response Inconsistency
- F Infrequency
- F_B Back Side Infrequency
- F_P Infrequency-Psychopathology
- FBS Symptom Validity Scale
- L Lie
- K Correction
- S Superlative Self-Presentation

Clinical Scales

- 1 Hs Hypochondriasis
- 2 D Depression
- 3 Hy Hysteria
- 4 Pd Psychopathic Deviate
- 5 Mf Masculinity-Femininity
- 6 Pa Paranoia
- 7 Pt Psychasthenia
- 8 Sc Schizophrenia
- 9 Ma Hypomania
- 0 Si Social Introversion

Restructured Clinical (RC) Scales

- RCd dem Demoralization
- RC1 som **Somatic Complaints**
- RC2 lpe Low Positive Emotions
- RC3 cyn Cynicism
- RC4 asb **Antisocial Behavior**
- RC6 per Ideas of Persecution
- RC7 dne **Dysfunctional Negative Emotions**
- RC8 abx **Aberrant Experiences**
- RC9 hpm **Hypomanic Activation**

Harris-Lingoes Subscales

- D_1 Subjective Depression Hy_1 Denial of Social Anxiety
- D₂
- Psychomotor Retardation Hy₂ Need for Affection
- D₃ Physical Malfunctioning
 Hy₃ Lassitude-Malaise
- D₄ Mental Dullness
- Hy₄ Somatic Complaints
- D₅ Brooding

• Hy₅ Inhibition of Aggression

Harris-Lingoes Subscales (continued)

- Pd₁ Familial Discord
 Pa₁ Persecutory Ideas
- Pd₂ Authority Problems
 Pa₂ Poignancy
- Pd₃ Social Imperturbability Pa₃ Naivete
- Pd₄ Social Alienation
- Pd₅ Self Alienation

Harris-Lingoes Subscales (continued)

- Sc₁ Social Alienation
- Sc₂ Emotional Alienation
- Cognitive
- Sc₄ Lack of Ego Mastery, Conative
- Sc₅ Lack of Ego Mastery, **Defective Inhibition**
- Sc₃ Lack of Ego Mastery, Sc₆ Bizarre Sensory **Experiences**

Harris-Lingoes Subscales (continued)

- Ma₁ Amorality
- Ma₂ Psychomotor Acceleration
- Ma₃ Imperturbability
- Ma₄ Ego Inflation

Si Subscales

- Si₁ Shyness/Self-Consciousness
- Si₂ Social Avoidance
- Si₃ Self/Other Alienation

Content Scales

ANX Anxiety

FRS Fears

OBS Obsessiveness

DEP Depression

HEA Health Concerns

BIZ Bizarre Mentation

ANG Anger

ASP Antisocial Practices

TPA Type A Behavior

• LSE Low Self-esteem

SOD Social Discomfort

• FAM Family Problems

WRK Work Interference

• TRT Negative Treatment Indicators

CYN Cynicism

Content Component Scales

- Fears (FRS)
 - FRS1 Generalized Fearfulness
 - FRS2 Multiple Fears
- Depression (DEP)
 - DEP1 Lack of Drive
 - DEP2 Dysphoria
 - DEP3 Self-Depreciation
 - DEP4 Suicidal Ideation
- Health Concerns (HEA)
 - HEA1 Gastrointestinal Symptoms
 - HEA2 Neurological Symptoms
- Bizarre Mentation (BIZ)
 - BIZ1 Psychotic Symptomatology
 - BIZ2 Schizotypal Characteristics
- Anger (ANG)
 - ANG1 Explosive Behavior
 - ANG2 Irritability

Content Component Scales (continued)

- Cynicism (CYN)
 - CYN1 Misanthropic Beliefs
 - CYN2 Interpersonal Suspiciousness
- Antisocial Practices (ASP)
 - ASP1 Antisocial Attitudes
 - ASP2 Antisocial Behavior
- Type A Behavior (TPA)
 - TPA1 Impatience
 - TPA2 Competitive Drive
- Low Self-Esteem (LSE)
 - LSE1 Self-doubt
 - LSE2 Submissiveness
- Social Discomfort (SOD)
 - SOD1 Introversion
 - SOD2 Shyness

Content Component Scales (continued)

- Family Problems (FAM)
 - FAM1 Family Discord
 - FAM2 Familial Alienation
- Negative Treatment Indicators (TRT)
 - TRT1 Low Motivation
 - TRT2 Inability to Disclose

Supplementary Scales

MAC-R MacAndrew Alcoholism Scale-Revised

• AAS Addiction Admission Scale

• APS Addiction Potential Scale

• Es Ego Strength

A Anxiety

R Repression

MDS Marital Distress Scale

Ho Hostility

O-H Overcontrolled Hostility

Do Dominance

Re Social Responsibility

Mt College Maladjustment

GM Masculine Gender Role

• GF Feminine Gender Role

PK Posttraumatic Stress Disorder

Personality Psychopathology Five (PSY-5) Scales

• AGGR Aggressiveness

PSYC Psychoticism

DISC Disconstraint

• NEGE Negative Emotionality/Neuroticism

• INTR Introversion/Low Positive Emotionality

Recent MMPI-2 Textbooks

Butcher, J. N. (2011). A beginner's guide to the MMPI-2 (Third Edition). Washington, DC: The American Psychological Association.

Graham, J. R. (2012). MMPI-2: Assessing personality and psychopathology (5th edition). New York: Oxford University Press.

Greene, R. L. (2011). MMPI-2/MMPI-2-RF: An Interpretive Manual, 3rd Edition. Boston: Allyn & Bacon.

Nichols, D. S. (2011). Essentials of MMPI-2 assessment, 2nd Edition. New York, NY: John Wiley & Son.

Friedman, A. F., Bolinskey, P. K., Levak, R., & Nichols, D. S. (2015). Psychological assessment with the MMPI-2/RF (3rd ed.). New York: Routledge/Taylor & Francis.